THE LIBERTY TRIBUNE,
PUBLISHED EVERY
FRIDAY MORNING,
BY
ROBERT H. MILLER.

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Each additional insertion, per square,	65
One square, six months,	9 00
" " twelve months,	14 00
One-quarter of a column, twelve months,	20 00
One-half " " "	30 00
One column, " " "	50 00
Administrators' notices,	3 00
Final settlement notices,	3 50
Funeral tickets $3 00; if distributed by us,	3 50
Announcing candidates, in advance;	3 50

Liberty Tribune.

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, AND GENERAL NEWS.

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VOLUME XX. LIBERTY, CLAY COUNTY, MISSOURI, SEPT. 29, 1865. NUMBER 19

MURRAY & WORTHINGTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
LIBERTY, MO.
Office in the Court House, over County Clerk's office.
Liberty, Aug. 18, 1865-13tf

SAMUEL HARDWICK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LIBERTY, MO.
Office on the north side of public square.
[Sept. 16, 1864]

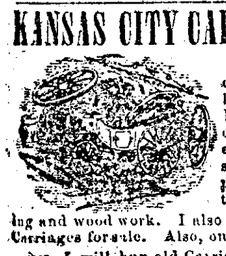
DR. GRIMES,
Surgeon Dentist,
LIBERTY, MO.
Office over Allen & Hall's Drug Store.
May 13, 1864-51tf

J. P. McCAULEY,
AUCTIONEER,
LIBERTY, CLAY COUNTY, MO.
January 27, 1865.-36w5

J. J. ARMSTRONG,
LIBERTY FOUNDERY.
HAVING established a FOUNDERY and MACHINE SHOP in Liberty, Clay county, Mo., are now prepared to make IRON or BRASS CASTINGS, and do all kinds of repairing for Factories, Saw and Grist Mills, Horse Powers, Agricultural Implements, Iron Pipes, Stoves, &c., and will keep on hand Fire Irons, Wagon Boxes, Sugar Kettles, Pumps, Iron Railing, Veranda Work, Window Weights, Window Caps and Sills, Columns and House Castings generally; also, CORN SHELLERS, and FARM BOILERS.
Orders solicited and promptly executed.
Liberty, April 20, 1860-49tf.

LATEST ARRIVAL!
BOOT & SHOE
MANUFACTORY.
P. & J. FRAHER
HAVE just received a large stock of Leather, including a fine assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of all descriptions, which they will sell as cheap for cash as any house in upper Missouri.
Store on the northwest corner of the public square. May 16, 1862-1y

DR. JOHN W. RINGO.
OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of Liberty and vicinity.
OFFICE—On the West side of the Public Square, in Wm. A. Hall's new Drug Store.
October 31-tf.

KANSAS CITY CARRIAGE SHOP

I AM NOW prepared to REPAIR all kinds of Carriage and Buggy work, and to carry on all the branches belonging to the business. Painting and putting on tops, and trimmings, blacksmithing and wood work. I also keep new Buggys and Carriages for sale. Also, one fine Sulky.
I will buy old Carriages and Buggies and Irons, Springs, &c., and sell on commission, and take old Buggies in exchange for new ones.
Jan. 2-1y J. H. RUCKEL.

U. S. EXPRESS.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Company, is now prepared to receive and forward MONEY, VALUABLE ARTICLES, Freights, &c., to almost any point, with security and dispatch. W. A. HALL, Agent
Liberty, Sept. 1-tf at Hall's New Drug Store.

D. C. ALLEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Liberty, Missouri.
OFFICE—West side of Public Square.
September 8, 1865-3m*

CHEAP QUARTERS!
Denny & Petty
Having rented of R. H. Miller the large store room under the Tribune office, for three years, and having made arrangements in
St. Louis, St. Joseph & Leavenworth,
To receive a new supply of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES AND NOTIONS
EVERY TEN DAYS,
Will continue to offer the
BEST BARGAINS IN THE CITY,
And fill all orders on short time.
Respectfully,
DENNY & PETTY.
Aug. 25, 1865.-14tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
I, Susan Cook, Administratrix of the estate of Alexander Cook deceased, will, under and by virtue of an order of the County Court of Clay county, made at the August term thereof, A. D., 1865, expose to sale, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, on the 2d day of October, 1865, before the south front of the Court-House in the city of Liberty, county of Clay and State of Missouri, and while said County Court is in session, the following described real estate of said Alexander Cook, deceased, situate in Clay county, Missouri, to-wit:—The northwest half of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, township fifty-one, of range thirty-one; also the southwest quarter of the south east quarter of section twenty-two, township fifty-one, range thirty-one.
The sale of said real estate to be made subject to the dower interest therein of the said Susan Cook, widow of the said Alexander Cook, deceased.
SUSAN COOK, Adm'rx.
September 8th, 1865-16w4.

Farm for Sale.
A NUMBER ONE Farm for sale, containing one hundred and twenty acres, ten miles East of Liberty, on the Richmond road. The farm is well improved, having on it a good residence, outbuildings and two fine orchards. Any one desiring to purchase can get a good bargain. Call at ROUTT & LINCOLN'S Law Office.

KANSAS CITY
SAVINGS ASSOCIATION.
DIRECTORS.
Francis R. Long, Southey W. Long,
Darwin J. Adkins, Robt. G. Robertson,
C. J. White.
FRANCIS R. LONG, President.
C. J. WHITE, Cashier.
THIS Association, chartered with Banking privileges, by the Legislature of Missouri, was opened for business on the 29th day of June, 1865, and will do business with customers upon the most liberal terms.
Exchange upon all the principal Cities in the Union bought and sold.
Liberal prices paid for Government Vouchers, Kansas City and Clay county Railroad Bonds, County and City Warrants, and other public securities.
Uncurrent and mutilated Bank notes purchased at fair prices.
Discounts upon time made upon undoubted personal or collateral security.
Gold and Silver, Union Military Bonds, and defense warrants bought and sold.
Deposits, general and special, received and secured by double-fire and burglar-proof vaults and safe. Are most respectfully solicited.
Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional men, Administrators, Guardians and Business men generally are invited to open accounts with this Association under the belief that they will be benefitted thereby.
Banking House on West side of Main, between Second and Third Streets, Kansas City, Mo.
July 14th, 1865-8m6.

CLAY COUNTY SAVINGS
ASSOCIATION.
DIRECTORS.
James M. Jones, Alex. J. Calhoun,
Wm. Brining, James Love.
ALEX. J. CALHOUN, President.
JAMES LOVE, Cashier.
THIS ASSOCIATION, Chartered with Banking privileges by the Legislature of Missouri, continues to do business with customers upon the most liberal terms.
Exchange upon St. Louis and the Eastern and Northern Cities Bought and Sold.
Liberal prices paid for Government Vouchers, Clay County Rail Road Bonds, County and City Warrants, and other public securities.
Uncurrent and mutilated Bank Notes purchased at fair prices.
Discounts, upon time, made upon undoubted collateral security, or mortgage upon unincumbered real estate.
Gold and Silver, Union Military Bonds and Defense Warrants bought and sold.
Revenue Stamps and Fractional Currency kept constantly on hand.
Deposits, general and special, received and secured by double fire and burglar proof Vault and Safe.
Deposits Received and Paid Out without Charge.
Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Administrators, Guardians, and business men generally, are invited to open accounts with the Association under the belief that they will be benefitted thereby.
OFFICE—Banking House formerly occupied by Farmer's Bank, North East corner of the Public Square.
Business hours from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M.
Liberty, march 3, 1865-1y

LIBERTY SAVINGS
Association,
LIBERTY, CLAY COUNTY, MO.
THOS. C. GORDON, President.
DARIUS GITTINGS, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
O. P. MOSS, MADISON MILLER,
JAS. FERGUSON, DAVID ROBERTS,
THOMAS C. GORDON.
This Association organized under and by virtue of an act of the Legislature of the State of Missouri, entitled "An Act to organize Savings Associations and to facilitate Exchanges," approved Feb. 15th, 1864, is now open and will do business with customers upon fair and liberal terms.
Exchange upon St. Louis and Eastern Cities Bought and Sold.
The highest prices paid for Gold, Silver Coin, Bullion, Uncurrent Money, Bonds of the United States, of the State of Missouri, and of the county of Clay, and City of Liberty.
Discounts upon time made upon satisfactory personal security, or mortgage upon real estate.
Revenue Stamps and fractional currency kept on hand and for sale.
Deposits, general and special, received and paid out without charge.
The citizens of Clay county and business public generally, are invited to open accounts with the Association.
This Association will make collections on all points and will do a general Banking business, except it issues no notes.
Banking House—South East corner of the Public Square, one door West of Arthur & Miller's.
Business hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Liberty, August 28th, 1865-16tf

WILLIAM JEWELL COLLEGE.
THE next Session of this Institution will commence on the Fourth Monday in September, and will consist of two terms of twenty weeks each.
FACULTY.
EDW. L. OWEN, LL. D.
GEORGE HUGHES, A. M.
ASA N. BIRD, A. B.
Tuition per Term.

Primary	$15,00
Academic	18,00
Collegiate	20,00

Contingent fee $1 per term.
Tuition fees must be invariably paid in advance. No deduction for absence except in cases of protracted illness (one month.)
August 25, 1865-14tf

LIBERTY WOOLEN
FACTORY.
THE undersigned having associated themselves together in the name and style of Corbin, Everett & Co., for the purpose of manufacturing, would say to the public generally that we are prepared to furnish all kinds of WOOLEN GOODS, and of as good style and quality as can be found in any Factory in the Western country. Also,
Carding, Spinning, Weaving, Coloring, Fulling and Finishing,
Done on reasonable terms. We flatter ourselves that we can offer as Fair Terms, and give as general satisfaction as any other establishment.
OVID H. CORBIN,
ANDERSON B. EVERETT,
WILLIAM WRIGLEY.
August 18th, 1865-13tf.

Citizens of
CLAY COUNTY!
LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!
Go to the place where you can get
BARGAINS.
HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.,
JOBBERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
Cloths, Cassimeres,
BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, CALICOES, COTTON YARN, &c.
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods!
Hats and Caps.
TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS, VALISES,
MERCHANT TAILORING.
Having constantly a Buyer in the Market, we can job Dry Goods lower than any other house in Leavenworth or St. Louis. In the Clothing line we can guarantee every garment we sell, and can assure our custom that they will give satisfaction.
If you want to save money and get goods at low prices go to
HAMMERSLOUGH BROS.,
Corner Main and Third Streets,
Aug. 25-14y1 KANSAS CITY, MO.

CHEAP QUARTERS!
E. SANDOUSKY,
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Clay county that he has in store a splendid stock of
Family Groceries,
STATIONARY, HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE.
His stock of Family Groceries, consists in part, of
Sugar, Coffee,
Essences, Tea, Tar,
Mackerel, Vinegar,
Rice, Tobacco, Cigars,
Candles, Oysters, Sardines,
Pepper Sauce,
Catsup, Candies,
Raisins, Nuts,
Wooden Ware,
Cutlery,
And indeed a complete assortment of
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
Bought since the late unprecedented
FALL IN PRICES.
He would respectfully ask the public to call and examine his stock, as he is prepared to show and
Sell Goods as Low as any House in Liberty.
I will also buy all kinds of Country Produce, and will pay the highest market price.
I shall be happy to see the people at all times, whether they purchase or not.
June 30, 1865.—6

GROCERY
AND
PROVISION STORE!
THE undersigned having associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on a wholesale and retail Grocery Store, would respectfully inform the citizens of Clay county and the surrounding counties, that they are now in receipt of at the store house formerly occupied by J. C. Goodwin, in the City of Liberty, a large assortment of
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
Such as
Coffee, Sugar, Tea,
Rice, Tobacco, Molasses,
Oysters, Can Fruit, Candies,
Coal Oil, Soda, Tar, Salt,
Pepper, Spice, Rope,
Vinegar, Pickles,
Powder,
Shot,
Nails, Wooden Ware, Dye-Stuffs of all kinds, and in fact everything usually found in a store of this kind, all of which we offer LOW for cash. We will give Groceries in exchange for all country produce that we can sell. We would say to our fellow citizens that if successful in business we expect to follow it for years. We are not so sanguine as to hope to amass a fortune, all we ask is a comfortable living; and by strict attention to business, and
HONEST DEALING,
we hope to merit a liberal share of that patronage heretofore extended to each of us when formerly in business.
O. P. MOSS,
E. P. ARMSTRONG.
June 30th, 1865-6

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
I, DAVID ROBERTS, Public Administrator having in charge the estate of James Carrol, deceased, will under and by virtue of an order of the County Court of Clay county, made at the August term of said Court, A. D., 1865, expose to sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, on the second day of October, A. D., 1865, at the south front of the court house door in the city of Liberty, in the county of clay, and State of Missouri, the following described real estate, to-wit: The west half of the southeast quarter, and the east half of the southwest quarter of section nine, township fifty-one, of range thirty, in the Western District of Missouri, being in the county of clay, containing one hundred and sixty acres; also, a piece of land bought by James Carroll, deceased, of Mrs. Sarah Rupe, supposed to contain twenty acres. Said sale will take place on the day above mentioned, while the county court of said county is in session.
DAVID ROBERTS,
Sept. 8th, '65-w4 Public Adm'r.

A Priest Imprisoned for Preaching.

[Correspondence of the Republican.]

BOWLING GREEN, MO., Sep. 12, 1865.

Rev J. A. Cummings, Catholic priest, stationed at Louisiana, in this (Pike) county, has been arrested, tried, convicted, sentenced and was in jail, at this place the companion of two white burglars and one negro ravisher! He is there and so circumstanced now, because he very respectfully and even submissively declines to pay a fine of *five hundred dollars*, imposed upon him by Hon. T. J. C. Fagg, Judge of this Circuit, for the reason that as stated in the indictment, Mr. Cummings "did act as a priest and minister of the Catholic religious persuasion," *without* "having first taken, subscribed and filed the oath of loyalty."

Rev. Mr. Cummings choosing, as he said, to obey God, rather than man, and conscientiously believing it to be his duty to abstain from taking the iron clad oath to which you allude, and yet preach the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ, did preach to and teach his congregation at Louisiana on Sunday, September 3d. On the 4th the Grand Jury met at this place, and on the 5th found "a true bill," charging the reverend gentleman with this very grave offence. On the 8th he was arrested and arraigned before Judge Fagg, when Mr. Cummings admitted the facts charged, but denied his violation of any rightful law. A plea of not guilty was therefore entered, when having remained four-and-twenty hours in quasi custody, he was tried, as stated, on Saturday last, convicted on his own confession of the facts, and sentenced to pay a fine of *five hundred dollars*, and remain imprisoned *until the fine is paid*. Mr. Cummings proposes never to pay it, nor will he consent to have his friends pay it.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON AS A STATESMAN.—A writer in the New York Herald gives what seems to us a just and discriminating view of the peculiar and marked traits of character displayed by the man who to-day occupies one of the most exalted and responsible positions on earth. He entertains the highest opinion of his cast and grade of mind and thus concludes:

Mark the prediction. No man since the days of Gen. Jackson will so thoroughly stamp his own individuality upon the Administration of the Government.

Old party lines will be wiped out, and he will rally around him a great national party, whose watchwords will be solidity, strength and glory of our once united country. The Union, the national honor, and the national credit, they must and shall be preserved. Always in sympathy with the great mass and the heart of the nation, he will administer the Government upon sound and broad principles, seeking the greatest good for the greatest number, and any combination or clique that may attempt to pull him down will only find themselves lifted up.

A MEMBER OF THE BAR INDICTED.—The Grand Jury of this county yesterday returned into the Criminal Court an indictment against Samuel T. Glover, Esq., for practicing as an attorney and counsellor at law without first taking the oath of loyalty prescribed by the new Constitution of the State. The indictment is preferred on the information of Mr. Glover himself, and at his request, and that of other leading members of the bar, for the purpose of testing the validity of the section which prohibits attorneys from practicing unless they first subscribe to the oath.

The case will be disposed of in the Criminal Court at an early day, and probably without trial. In lieu of it, the matter will come up on a demurrer, and if overruled by the Court he will plead guilty, and judgment will be entered against him from which he will appeal.—The Supreme Court can decide upon it at the October term, and if the decision be adverse to defendant a further appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.—*St. Louis Republican.*

PUSH ON THE COLUMN!—We have sometimes met with croakers in this State who have doubted the power of the Democracy to carry Wisconsin. If there are any such now left, we refer them to the victory already won. We have compelled the Republicans to abandon their principles in advance. This is an achievement to boast of, and in itself will repay the labor of years. Courage, union and energy now will ensure a still greater victory, by wholly redeeming the State and placing its influence positively and permanent-on the side of the Union, equal taxation, free commerce, and rigid economy in the administration of public affairs. A party which, like the Republican party, cowers, and dodges, and skulks before the advancing tide of popular sentiment is easier whipped than a broken rebel regiment in the field. Push on the column!—*Milwaukee News.*

DEATH OF MONROE M. PARSONS.—Our telegraphic dispatches, in stating the general result of an action near Comargo, Mexico, between a force of Liberals and a body of Imperialists, in which the latter were defeated, refers to the death of the late rebel General Parsons, and six of his men, as incidents of the combat. The deceased will readily be recognized as Monroe M. Parsons, of Missouri, a man who played a conspicuous part in this State, immediately preceding the war of the rebellion, and who afterwards gave the rebel cause an active, and, it must be said, a courageous personal support.—*Rep.*

Our Rivals in Cotton Raising.

It is an interesting question whether the United States, in resuming the culture and export of cotton, is likely to find, in the foreign markets, dangerous competitors in those countries where the growth of the staple has been so actively stimulated during the past four years. The English when shut out from our southern ports, went busily to work to find or raise cotton in all the countries of the world that were adapted to its production. The Cotton Supply Association distributed cotton seed wherever there was a prospect of its growing, and furnished on easy terms, steam plows, steam machinery, and improved agricultural implements. But the latest report of the result of these operations is not encouraging. Much is *expected*, but little has been realized, from Turkey.—Egypt gives promising returns; but there is trouble from the decrease in the production of grain. There were hopes of increasing returns, in future years, from the Arab districts of Syria, the regions bordering on the Persian Gulf, the Southern parts of Asia Minor and adjacent regions; and there were both hopes and prospects in Greece, Italy, Central and South America, the West Indies, Australia, Natal and various parts of Africa. Disapointment came from India, for although the supply had not diminished, it had not increased; nevertheless, it was beyond all things, expedient for British interests to foster the cotton trade of India.

It will thus be seen that, though a very respectable stock of cotton has been obtained during the last three or four years from other countries than our own, there are, for the future, more hopes than assurances. It must be remembered, too, that the cotton has been gotten from these various countries with the greatest difficulty, and that the chief power which has drawn it out has been the enormons price that it commanded.

Were the United States to enter the markets of Europe on anything like the old terms, there would be no competitor that could make even a show standing against it. And should white labor and machinery aided by the black labor, enter in proper force and style upon cotton cultivation, we shall have better conditions than formerly, and shall control the cotton market of Europe.—*N. Y Times.*

IMPORTANT.—Bells will prevent the depredations of dogs among your sheep. A dog that knows enough to kill sheep, also knows enough to be still and sly about it. The great noise caused by a number of bells makes him fear for his safety, and he leaves without doing damage. The bells would also bring the friends of the sheep to their rescue. A dozen bells in a flock of fifty to seventy-five sheep would be ample. In a flock of twelve sheep half of them should wear bells. Bells will protect your wooly herds.—*Amer. Ag.*

A VERY PECULIAR MAN.—Were it not for the reason that we were never known to deal in personalities, we might furnish our readers with a romance founded on facts, and located in the goodly city of Hannibal. We would state, however, that the young man who would wed an inexpressibly lovely damsel, and then go to the Planter's House and sleep alone the first night, should receive the merited condemnation of an indignant wife.—*Hannibal Courier.*

A DIRTY OLD SHAL.—A lady acquaintance lost a valuable shawl. A short time after the shawl had been missed, a little girl, evidencing ancestral poverty, without the "respectable" accompaniment, rounded to in the presence of the owner of the missing shawl, and the stolen garment was at once recognized.

"Little girl," said the lady, "where did you obtain that shawl?"

"My father bought it for me," was the ready reply.

Said the lady,

"I will go with you to your father, and ascertain where he purchased that shawl."

The little one objected to this proposition. Party of the first part was unyielding in the desire to see the male parent. Every stratagem peculiar to inventive genius was vainly resorted to, when the youngster, in the desperateness of her case pulled the stolen garment from her shoulders, and throwing it at its lawful owner, said—

"Take your old dirty shawl it,s not a fashionable one anyway!"

We regret to see the State Times, the State organ, published at Jefferson City, so bitter against the Irish Catholic Priesthood. The article is in reference to their disinclination to take the oath prescribed for the clergy by the New Constitution. It is not that the priests urge any one to violence, but simply because they, like many Protestant clergymen, and Radicals at that, decline taking it, believing it to be *ex post facto* and unconstitutional.—*Kansas City Journal.*

The Charleston Mercury is to be shortly re-established under the auspices of its former proprietor, R. B. Rhett, Jr.

Discovery of an Ancient City in Mexico.

The Louisville Journal publishes the following highly interesting extract from a letter just received by one of the most respectable citizens of Louisville from his daughter, now residing in the City of Mexico, concerning a great excitement there about the recent discovery of an ancient Aztec city. It explains itself, and reads as follows.

MEXICO, August 1, 1865.

There is great excitement and enthusiasm in the city of Mexico now, respecting a city that has been discovered in the county of Huauchinango. The newspaper speak of it as a paradise. It has been abandoned since the time of the conquest. It is a very fertile country. The city is surrounned by immense walls, and has only one entrance. The door is solid stone, and hangs on massive hinges. There are very large trees growing in the streets and inside of the houses. The streets are all paved with stone, and the houses are made of stone of different colors. It is inhabited by all kinds of wild animals that abound in that part of the country, which have made their dens in the houses and streets.

People living near have visited it, and have found the skeletons of an elephant and other animals, also a great many Indian idols and other curiosities. The Emperor has sent a company—engineers, architects etc., etc.—to draw maps and bring them to Mexico. It is said that a private company will soon leave for the same purpose.

It is situated about fifty miles from the port of Tuspan, on the Gulf of Mexico.

As Deacon A——, on an extremely cold morning in old times, was riding by the house of his neighbor B——, the latter was chopping wood. The usual salutations were exchanged, the severity of the weather briefly discussed, and the horseman made demonstrations of passing on, when his neighbor detained him with—

"Don't be in a hurry, Deacon. Wouldn't you like a glass of old Jamacia this morning?"

"Thank you, kindly," said the old gentleman, at the same time beginning to dismount, with all deliberation becoming a deacon, "I don,t care if I do."

"Ah, don't trouble yourself to get off, Deacon," said the neighbor, "I merely asked for information. We haven'ta drop in the house."

JOKE ON A MINISTER.—A young fellow was taking a sleigh-ride with a pretty girl when he met a Methodist minister who was somewhat celebrated for tying the knot matrimonial at short notice.—He stopped him and asked hurriedly—

"Can you tie a knot for me?"

"Yes," said Brother B——, "I guess so; when do you want it done?"

"Well, right away," was the reply; "is it lawful, though, here in the highway?" asked the wag.

"Oh, yes: this is as good a place as any—as safe as church itself."

"Well, then I want a knot tied in my horse's tail as to keep it out of the snow!" shouted the wag, as he drove rapidly away fearing lest the minister, in his profane wrath, should fall from grace.

A somewhat juvenile dandy, said to a fair partner at a ball not long since—"Don't you think Miss, my moustachois are becoming?" To which she replied, "Well sir, they may be 'coming' but they have not yet arrived."

FREE NEGROES IN MISSISSIPPI.—Attorney General Speed replies to a gentleman in Mississippi to the effect that "a negro cannot be apprenticed or compelled to labor upon any particular plantation, but that he is at liberty to go where he pleases." The commanding General in that department, however, does not think so, for he recently sent back a squad of blacks who had worked several months upon a plantation, and then left it, and compelled them to continue there until the crops were harvested. At last advices they were working with a negro Federal guard over them.

Newspaper enterprise in New Orleans is on the rampage in that city—the True Delta, the Times, the Picayune and the Bee—and it is annouced that the Creseent and the Bulletin are to be revived within the next two months. We have noticed the appearance there of a litterary weekly called the South. This was to be followed on the last of September by another called the Star. The Christian Advocate is to be resurrected soon, and a French weekly is expected to appear at no distant day.

A LOVE LETTER.—The following love Letter we obtain from one of our exchanges, and publish it for the benefit of such of our readers as may wish to write love-letters and lack the style:

"Och, Paddy, swate Paddy! if I was your daddy, I'd kill you wid kisses entirely; if I was your brother and like-wise mother, I'd see that ye went to bed early. To taste of your breath I'd starve me to death, and lay off my hoops altogether to eat, and have a taste of your arms to boot. To joost laff at the mainest [illegible] on me waste I'd dy be mine. [illegible] of wether. Dear Paddy [illegible] me own valentine; you'll find me h[illegible] will [illegible] both gintle and civil; our life we will spind to an illigant end, and care may go dance wid the divil.