THE BORDER STAR.

H. M. M'CARTY Proprietor. A PAPER FOR THE STATES AND TERRITORIES. TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

VOLUME IV. WESTPORT, MISSOURI, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1860. NUMBER 50.

Business Directory.

JOHN PEYTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

HAS returned to Westport, and will attend to any business in the Courts of the Township, County or District. When desired, H. B. Bouton, Esq., of Kansas City, will be associated with him in the management of cases.

He will also attend to the collection of claims in Missouri and Kansas Territory. [June 30-ly

GEO. GROOM. L. S. BOLLING. J. HODGSON, JR.

GROOM, BOLLING & HODGSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Kansas City, Mo.

Will practice in Jackson and adjoining counties, Missouri, and in the Courts of Kansas Territory. Office in Riddlesbarger's Building, Main street. April 21-tf

O. G. CATES. Residence and Office, Independence, Mo. | J. P. DEVEREUX. Residence and Office, Kansas City, Mo.

CATES & DEVEREUX,

Attorneys and Counsellors in Law Matters.

DESIRE LAW BUSINESS in the Counties of Clay, Jackson and adjoining counties in Missouri, Douglas, Johnson, Wyandott and Leavenworth, in Kansas Territory.

References:—Alexander, Newcomb & Co., R. Campbell & Co., Crow, McIlvoy & Co., McIlvaine and Slaughter, Merchants; W. H. Benjamin & Co., Earby & Pattison, Bankers, St. Louis, Mo. December 17, 1859-12m

LATEST STYLES AND CHEAPEST PRICES

A. O. RUNYAN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

INDEPENDENCE - - - MISSOURI,

KEEPS a large stock of the best and most Fashionable Goods for MEN'S WEAR and will make them up in the MOST ELEGANT AND FASHIONABLE STYLES.

Westport and Kansas City patronage respectfully solicited. Will sell as CHEAP as any one possibly can. A. O. RUNYAN.

April 14-6m

ROSSER'S

WESTPORT DRUG STORE

Is now filled to overflowing with a select stock of *Paints, Oils, Dyes, Medicines, perfumery, &c., &c.*, which will be sold upon terms which cannot fail to please. The quality of every article is guaranteed, and the prices are now down to the lowest of the best establishments of St. Louis. If you wish the best articles upon best terms, call at Rosser's Drug Store and you will be accommodated. [June 23-tf

ROUTT, CATO & CLAIBORNE,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

PRACTICE in all the Courts of Jackson, Clay and Platte counties, Missouri, and in the Courts of Wyandott and Johnson counties, K. T. Office on Main street, over Northrup & Cato's Banking House, Kansas City, Mo.

H. S. ROUTT, S. O. CATO, N. C. CLAIBORNE.

Jan. 28-1y.

Horse Farrier.

I WOULD inform the citizens of Kansas City and the Public generally, that I continue to doctor Horses of all diseases to which the Horse Family is afflicted. No cure no pay if required. Medicine prepared to order for all diseases and warranted to have the desired effect if applied according to directions. No reference necessary.

Jan 14 6m W. A. BEVIS.

Removal.

PHILLIP BECKER would inform his friends and the public that he has removed his

Boot and Shoe Shop

to the New Frame Building, opposite Street & Bro's and adjoining the Barber Shop—where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line.

A good assortment of articles always on hand for **Men, Women, Children and Servants.**

☞ All work warranted. Give him a call.

Insurance Offices.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company,

Capital Stock $100,000.

Office over the Exchange Bank, Marble Building, opposite the Post Office, Third Street.

The providence of every class of men are now satisfied of the incalculable value of Life Insurance. There are but few persons, however wealthy they may be, in case of death, who a farm its would not be benefitted by this system from the fact that the settlement of estate, is often so procrastinating dilatory that the administrator cannot advance a dollar on his responsibility. Individuals in debt and owning a policy, may save it from sacrifice. There is no system in existence so valuable that will accomplish as much as this for so small an outlay; we all spend money annually in trifles than will be required to keep up a Life Insurance Policy.

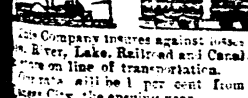
ALEX. STREET, Agent, Westport, Mo.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.—Samuel Wilson, Chas. H. Peck, Daniel H. Donovan, John Hogan, Chas. F. Thornton, P. S. Kennard, Jno. W. Wells, Chas. B. Bolt, Chas. W. McCord, Francis Bohler, Robert Fisher, H. Achenbach. Samuel Wilson, President; Daniel H. Donovan, Vice President; Wm. L. Bouton, Secretary; John W. Wills, Treasurer; Wm. Bouton, General Agent; J. G. Morgan, M. D., Medical Adviser. May 19-tf

WESTPORT AND KANSAS

INSURANCE COMPANY,

WESTPORT, MO.



This Company insures against losses incidental to the River, Lake, Railroad and Canal. Also goods taken on line of transportation.

Premiums will be 1 per cent from St. Louis to Kansas City, the ensuing year.

EXCHANGE BOUGHT AND SOLD.

☞ Special attention given to collections, FREE OF CHARGE.

DIRECTORS:

R. Bernard, A. L. Johnson, Ed. Price, J. M. Hunter, Alex. Wasley, Henry Sager, M. Adams, G. A. Baker, A. P. Warfield.

ED PRICE, President.

J. G. Hamilton, Sec'y. March 3-tf

Turnip Seed.

THE following choice varieties of Turnip Seed have just arrived and will be sold on moderate terms, either by wholesale or retail.

RED TOP, FLAT WHITE

LARGE LATE WHITE NORFOLK

WINTER WHITE, GLOBE,

YELLOW RUTA BAGA.

T. H. ROSSER, Westport Drug Store.

Hungarian Grass Seed.

JUST received this day receiving and for sale by T. H. ROSSER, Westport Drug Store.

AMBROTYPE GALLERY.

TIM FRAZIER has opened a Picture Gallery in the upper story of Wickersham's new building where he will accommodate the public with the best pictures at cheap prices. He also informs the public that he continues to [illegible] and solicits custom in that branch. [illegible]

GOLDEN PHEASANTS.

MRS. SUTTON, near Westport, has several pairs of pure breed Golden Pheasant Fowls, called silver layers, which she will sell. Orders may be left at the Border Star office. [illegible]

Eastern Advertisements.

STATIONERS' HALL.

No. 10 Olive Street near Main

And opposite the Monroe House

ST. LOUIS.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

To Country Merchants.

WE invite the attention of Merchants and Traders to our well assorted stock of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

which have been selected expressly for the Western Trade. Our Stock having been bought in the most market for Cash we can and will sell to cash customers at prices as low AS THEY CAN PURCHASE EAST WITH FREIGHT AT AND.

Dealers are respectfully solicited to call and examine our stock, which we believe includes every thing in the Book and Stationery line in a country Store, and at prices which will be low and reasonable.

Wm. Crowell & Co.,

No. 10 Olive-st., opposite Monroe House, St. Louis

March 23-6m

JOSEPH H. THOMPSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE

BOOT AND SHOE

WARE HOUSE.

No. 314, MARKET STREET,

Philadelphia.

We recommend our friends to call and examine their stock. March 3-1y

GEORGE SCHAFFER. GEORGE H. ROBERTS

SCHAFFER & ROBERTS,

Importers and Jobbers of

Hosiery,
Gloves,
Small Wares,
Combs,
Brushes,
Looking Glasses,

GERMAN AND FRENCH FANCY GOODS,

No. 429, Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

March 3-1y

HENDERSON, SOUTHMAYD & CO.

MANUFACTURERS

AND DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, FURS, AND

STRAW GOODS,

No. 316, Market Street,

Philadelphia.

March 3-1y

DIBBLEE, WORK & MOORE,

Importers and Jobbers of

ALL KINDS OF STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS.

97 CHAMBERS AND 94 READE STREETS,

NEW-YORK.

F. R. Hastings. { E. R. DIBBLEE, J. C. WORK, L. C. MOORE.

March 23-1y

LINUS W. MOONEY.....HENRY S. COHU.
CHRISTOPHER JORDAN.....JOHN A. GILBERT

MOONEY, COHU & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

AND GUNS,

No. 21 Park Row, (Opposite the Astor House.)

March 23—1y NEW YORK

ARCH'D YOUNG. THOS. RUTHERFORD. ERSKINE YOUNG
WM. E. WHITEHEAD. GEO. E. SHORTRIDGE.

ARCH'D. YOUNG & CO.,

Manufacturers

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CLOTHING!

NOS. 71 & 73 BROADWAY,

July 7-3m ***NEW-YORK.***

HOW & WHITTAKER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes.

No. 25 Warren Street,

April 14-1y NEW YORK.

BENEDICT, HALL & CO.,

BOOTS, SHOES

AND LEATHER.

21 *PARK ROW.*

(Opposite the Astor House.)

March 10-3m NEW YORK

THOMAS MASON. [illegible]

MASON & WHITTAKER,

COMMISSION FORWARDING

AND

Produce Merchants.

39 South Main Street, St. Louis, Mo.

REFER TO

Gilman, Collier & Co., St. Louis,
Price, Conver & Co., New Orleans,
Whitlock, Gilman, New York,
Sweet & Baker, Westport, Mo.

April 22. 1y-is

ATWOOD, BARNES & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Straw Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, &C.,

No. 93 Chambers and 75 Reade Sts.,

March 23—1y NEW YORK.

ENCOURAGE HOME WORK!

HENRY SCHOEPF,

MANUFACTURER OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

Brogans and Slippers,

MAIN STREET, WESTPORT.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND, and makes to order, all sizes of ladies and gents work, of the best material, and in fair prices. Give me a call. [illegible]

MRS. EFNER

HAS just received per Express from New York a choice stock of

Millinery Goods

of Latest Styles, which she will sell Cheap. Straws, Satins, Flowers, Ribbons, Feathers, Ribbons and Knots, &c.

Ladies of Westport and vicinity are invited to call and see them. Shop located over Church of Insurance Office Main Cross street. April 21-3m

MRS. BURNS has at the Bake Bakery of B. G. H. Kansas City.

FOR RENT.—A large Hall, upper story, suitable for public meetings, &c. Apply at this office. March 10-tf

The United States Democratic Almanac,

AND POLITICAL REGISTER,

FOR 1860.

CONTENTS:

Astronomical Calculations, etc.
Almanac, Comets.
Tides.
Abstract of Christian Calendar for 1860, etc.
Jewish and Mahommedan Calendar
Principal Bodies in the Solar System, Waters in Channel-ways of Ports.
An elaborate calendar for the year.
Constitution of the United States.
Platform of Parties.
State of the Union.
Rates of Postage.
Acts of XXXV th Congress.
Agricultural Products of the U. S. in 1858.
Finances of the U. S. 1850 to 1858.
Democracy, Presidential elections, National Conventions, etc.
Sub Treasury Act, Mason & Dixon's Line.
Census of the U. S. 1790, 1830, 1840, and 1850.
Presidents and Vice Presidents of the U. S.
Weights and Measures.
Average of Life.
Statesmanship and Heroism of the Jews.
Election Returns for 1859
United States Government.
Members of Congress.
Lives in the U. S. Centenarians, etc.
State Governments, Vote for President.
Governments of Europe.
Rulers of America, Arrival of Steamers, etc.
Foreign Consulations.
Latitude and Longitude of Places.
Presidential Election in the United States, from 1796 to 1856 Rates of Atlantic Steamers, etc.
Navy Forces, Railroads, etc.
Dictionary, the secrets of Eloquence, the Sun inhabited, etc.
Arrivals in New York, Foreign and Domestic.
Value of Real and Personal Property in N. Y., etc.
Passport Regulations of the British Government.
Influence of Food, Interest Tables, etc.
Chronology of the Year.

For sale at the BORDER STAR OFFICE. Price 20 cents per copy. Sent by mail, post paid for 25 cents. July 2-tf.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU!

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

A positive and specific remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy,

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,
AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs, Sexual Organs

arising from excesses, early indiscretions, exposure and impudencies, and removing all improper discharges whether existing in

Male or Female, Male or Female.

It is a fact long since established, that persons suffering with any disease of these organs are affected in body, health and mental powers, and experience many alarming symptoms, among which will be found: Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pain in Connection and Eruptions on the Face, Pains in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, frequently black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness. These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine is unable to remove, often follow—

Loss of Power, Fatuity and Epileptic Fits

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is a certain, safe, and speedy cure, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of how long standing. How Long Standing. How Long Standing. How Long Standing.

It is taken without Hindrance from Business, and little, if any, change of Diet.

Is pleasant in its taste and odor,
And immediate in its action.

If you are suffering with any of the above distressing diseases,

PROCURE THE REMEDY AT ONCE.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

As a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simply delicate to the confined and despairing invalid.

NO EQUAL IS TO BE FOUND.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5; delivered to any address. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Depot, 104 South 10th St., below Chestnut, Phila.

Describe symptoms in all communications.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS

AND UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS.

Who endeavor to palm off their "trash" and "worthless articles on the reputation obtained by Helmbold's genuine Preparations.

" " Extract Buchu.
" " Sarsaparilla.
" " Improved Rose Wash.

Genuine only in Buff Wrapper.

AND ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

Genuine only in Buff Wrapper.

AND AVOID IMPOSITION AND EXPOSURE

July 21-3m

A FEW LIKELY

YOUNG NEGROES,

Boys and Girls,

ARE wanted, for which the highest cash prices will be paid. Apply to

C. M. JONES, Independence.

BLANK WARRANTY DEEDS for sale at this office—single, by the dozen or the hundred.

June 30-tf

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND TURPENTINE, just received and for sale low for cash by [June 2-tf] J. O. BOGGS.

For Sale or Rent.

THE Storehouse in Westport on corner of Main and Water streets. Apply at this office. Jan. 28-tf

PATENT MEDICINES—All popular medicines of the class wholesale and retail at proprietors prices by [June 2-tf] J. O. BOGGS.

WINDOW GLASS—A general assortment, large and small sizes, on hand and for sale by [June 2-tf] J. O. BOGGS.

FANCY STOCK.

WILL be sold on the ensuing application the following [illegible]

1 pair Silver Pheasants, 3 months, $15.
1 pair Golden Pheasants, $4 per pair.
1 pair Bronze Turkeys, $6.
1 pair Black Spanish Fowls, $15.

For sale at the Office of the K. B. Kansas, Kansas City, or the Border Star office, Westport.

T. H. RIFEL.

[illegible] J. Johnson co., K. T., near Westport.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND.

A [illegible] BUSINESS in a part of Westport. Apply at the Border Star office. [illegible]

RECENTLY IMPORTED,

A [illegible] Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silver Ware, Fancy Articles, [illegible] Jefferson Co., Ohio. August 18-3m

FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of James W. Marrion, deceased, late of Jackson county, Missouri, will present his final settlement of said estate to the Probate Court of said county, at the City of Independence, on the Third Monday in November, A. D. 1860, the day on which he will apply to make final settlement of said estate, and pray for a final discharge from said trust, at which time all persons interested in said estate may attend and show cause why such settlement should not be made and such discharge be granted if they think proper.

WILLIAM P. LEA, Administrator.

The Weekly Border Star.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

Simultaneously at

WESTPORT AND KANSAS CITY.

(On the Border of Kansas Territory.)

H. M. McCARTY, : : : : : : PROPRIETOR.

TERMS.

Two Dollars per Year, or One Dollar for Six Months, invariably in advance.

Ten Copies sent to one Post Office or neighborhood for $15.

Subscribers can commence at any time, as our books are kept by dates, and not by volumes and numbers. All subscriptions discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

RULES AND RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For square of 10 lines or less.

1 week	$1 00	1 month	$2 00
2 "	1 50	3 "	6 00
1 "	2 00	6 "	9 00
4 "	2 50	12 "	14 00

For quarter column,

1 month	$10	6 months	$20
3 "	15	12 "	30

For Half Column.

1 month	$15	6 months	$30
2 "	20	12 "	50

For whole column.

1 month	$25	6 months	$50
3 "	40	12 "	100

☞ Legal and transient advertisements charged for by the *square*, and not by the column or fraction of a column.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 15, 1860.

Border Star Special Premiums.

Some twelve months since the Border Star office gave notice that at the Fall Fair of 1860 it would give a special premium of a Silver Pitcher, worth $35, for the best agricultural essay, and a Silver Goblet, worth $10, for the second best; and considerable interest has been manifested in agricultural circles as to the result. The premiums were gotten up in beautiful style, and were the admiration of all who saw them. The directors appointed an intelligent committe to decide on the merits of the nine essays which were in competition, and on Saturday last the awards were made as follows: First premium to J. P. ALEXANDER, of the neighborhood of Westport, on his article entitled:—"Drouths in Western Missouri and Kansas, and the means of avoiding their effects." The second premium was awarded to C. C. SPALDING, of Kansas City, on his article entitled "Agricultural Education." All the essays will be published in the Border Star, commencing with our next issue.

☞ Gen'l. Lane is truly a remarkable man, and at this day approaches nearer, in his several characteristics, to General Jackson than, perhaps, any other man in the country now living.

Springing from the humble walks of life, without wealth or influential friends, but with an energy, an honesty of purpose, and a conscientious integrity, which are always the harbingers of success, when united to great natural ability, he became the architect of his own fortune, and his career has been so glorious, that it stamps him as second to no other in the United States.

Self-educated, and self-reliant, generous and warm-hearted almost to a fault, ready in disposition and purse to succor the distressed, the friend of suffering humanity, wherever found; at all times and upon all occasions upright, honorable and candid, ever ready to express his honest convictions and opinions fearlessly, but always with a gentlemanly respect for others, never uttering a falsehood even in jest, prompt to resent an insult, and equally prompt to forgive a penitent, always sincere and truthful, experience being his "schoolmaster," he is always ready to do as he would be done by; in a word, he is "an honest man, the noblest work of God."

The Douglas organ at Louisville, Ky., says:

"Major Breckinridge proposes to make a speech to show that he is not in favor of a dissolution of the Union. No one ever charged him with it."

The editor of the Louisville squatter organ don't read the squatter papers.

☞ If any one has any doubt as to which is *the* democratic candidate and which is the one most feared by the opposition, let him take up the Louisville Journal and scan its columns. Prentice, true to his anti-democratic instincts, is writing against Breckinridge just as he used to write against Jackson, Polk, Pierce and Cass. All his sarcasm, wit and invective are against Breckinridge, and scarcely a passing notice is taken of Mr. Douglas.

☞ Out of twenty-one editorials in a late Louisville Journal eighteen of them are against John C. Breckinridge. Three editorials make mention of Stephen A. Douglas, and all are complimentary to the Little Giant.

Prentice knows which is the Democratic candidate, and which will knock the dipper out of his Bell.

[For the Border Star.

RESPECT THY MOTHER.

Night with its jewel'd canopy
Was resting on the earth;
The moon upon the pearly clouds
Beamed forth in silent mirth,

When I wandered from my lonely room
To muse on the joyous scene,
And linger in the blissful bowers
Robed in the richest green.

The laughing stream was dancing on
Within its pebbly bed,
And zephyrs whispered in the boughs
As spirits from the dead.

There in the loneliness of night,
Serenely calm and fair,
A joyful voice angelic sweet
Came on the startled air.

And turning toward the jutting ground
A scene there caught my view,
Which angels, from the Great White Throne,
Gazed on with wonder too.

With cheeks impearled with tears,
Brow clothed in raven hair,
She, kneeling by a mother's grave,
Poured forth her soul in prayer.

Oh, spirit, fit to dwell above,
To worship at its throne!
Why dost thou dwell mid caves below
Forsaken and alone?

Amid golden streets and pearly gates,
Beaming with their own light,
There thou should'st dwell with the redeemed,
Robed in purest white.

And as she rose with streaming eyes
That wet a grave not new,
I gazed upon her sainted form
Till borne beyond my view.

And turning, thought when dead we find
A mother is so dear,
Should we not strive to love her more
While dwelling with us here?

S. B.

The Fall Fair.

Not having received in time for this paper a full and correct list of the Premiums and Certificates awarded at our late Fair, many of our subscribers will be disappointed in not receiving a copy in this week's issue. We hope to have it by next week.

Altogether the Fair was as successful as could have been reasonably anticipated, considering the season and the times, and the receipts were good, though not sufficient to relieve the association from all their liabilities. Last year the directory went to heavy expenses in the way of buildings and improvements, and hence got behind hand. It is hoped that another year will set things all right again.

Our friend E. T. George of Ballard county, writes us that he has a remarkably fine boy, who, everybody says, resembles Henry Clay, and that he proposed to name him Henry Clay, but that his wife would name him Prentice D. George. The little gentleman is to be sent to us at the age of ten.—[*Louisville Journal.*

Very good and sensible mamma. She wants her son to be *the reverse* of George D. Prentice.

☞ Next week we will publish Mr. Alexander's Premium Essay; the following week we will publish Mr. Spalding's; and from time to time, as we have space, the others will appear.

Will John C. Breckinridge, in his speech at the Lexington Democratic Convention, answer the Norfolk questions or not?—*Louisville Journal.*

Will John Bell answer any questions at all?

☞ For what purpose are the Douglasites running an electoral ticket in Missouri? But one answer can be given—to give the vote of the State to Bell.

☞ The friends of Breckinridge and Lane need nothing more to carry the State than a united, energetic move. Douglas has no chance—his strength is daily failing. Everywhere through the State, meetings are being held by the Democracy declaiming decidedly and emphatically that by their vote for Claiborn F. Jackson they did not endorse Stephen A. Douglas or his doctrines, and take occasion to say that they utterly and entirely repudiate him.

COUNCIL GROVE, KANSAS CONFERENCE.—I commenced my work this year with thirty-six members. I have had, during the year, about forty accessions to the Church; baptized twenty-seven children and several adults; had more conversions this year, by far, than last. Some of our members this year have died, but invariably in the triumphs of the Christian faith; many have moved away, elsewhere in consequence of the drouth, to procure provisions for themselves and families, which leaves us sixty-five members on Council Grove Mission, who are exerting as great moral and religious influence as ever I witnessed. May God bless the people of Council Grove Mission with the power of his great salvation. Amen.

H. H. CRAIG.

JOHNSON A DISUNIONIST.—Johnson, the Douglas candidate for Vice President has been a rank disunionist, and has occupied as ultra Southern ground as Yancey himself. In the famous contest of 1857, between Cobb as the Union candidate and McDonald as the secession candidate for Governor, Johnson supported the latter.

[From the Louisville (Catholic) Guardian.

Politics and Religion.

A Chicago paper publishes a long article, in which the writer endeavors to prove that Stephen A. Douglas, because his wife happens to be a Catholic, can count with certainty upon the support of the entire Catholic population of the United States. The object of the writer is manifest. He would incite against Mr. Douglas, the element of Protestant bigotry. He tells us that all the Catholic bishops, all the Catholic priests, and all the Catholic people are for Douglas, and for no body else; that while the entire Protestant vote of the country is divided, Mr. Douglas will receive the Catholic vote as a unit. He intimates that Archbishop Hughes and his associates of the American episcopacy, have already issued their mandate, to the effect that every Catholic (under pain of excommunication, we suppose) *must* vote for Mr. Douglas. If the Chicago editor expects to gull his readers with such superasinine twaddle as this, he must suppose them stupid indeed. We cannot restrain a feeling of contempt for all scribblers of the Chicago editor's calibre. They have no conception of what is dignified, and no appreciation of what is honest, in controversy. What have Mr. Douglas' domestic arrangements and Mr. Breckinridge's "Presbyterian lineage" to do with the fitness of either for the office of President of the United States? Neither the one nor the other comes before the people except upon his political record. Neither the one nor the other asks for popular support because of any thing that is singular to him as a man. Neither of them, if elected, will have any more power than the Constitution gives to him, and as this instrument gives to the President no power which can effect religion in any way, it is absurd, as well as dishonest to bring up a candidate's religion as a motive to vote for or against him.

The Chicago editor says that Mr. Douglas will receive the entire Cathotic vote as a unit. If he will come to Kentucky we will be able to convince him that he has not spoken the truth. We would like to introduce him to a few hard-headed Catholic friends of ours, whom we have in vain endeavored to set straight in politics. It is very evident that they have either not yet seen the episcopal mandate which the editor talks about, or else they are treating it with great contempt.

We have been told by several of our friends that they feared a wrong construction would be put upon our remarks of two weeks ago, touching the impropriety of bringing the question of religion into discussions about party politics. They say that many will construe our defense of Major Breckinridge from the charge which has been brought against him, of enmity towards his Catholic fellow citizens, into a defense of his present position as an aspirant for the Presidency. We can scarcely think that any could so far mistake us. Our principal object, in writing the article, was to show the folly, if not the wickedness, of those who would bring into the party politics of the country the subject of religion. We thought the time opportune to convince those whose bigotry was not so great as to blind them to the fact, that upon every subject which can interest the people of this country, in their capacity of *citizens*, Catholics are just as free to think for themselves, and just as liable to differ in their opinions, as Protestants. There has been a constant effort, for years, on the part of a class of politicians in the United States, to make out a case against the whole Catholic body, *as being led by their clergy* to vote with this or that political party. This story has been so harped upon by talented, but unscrupulous party leaders that many well meaning persons, who have had no opportunity to learn better, have been led to consider the Catholic element of our population as one to be feared an account of its supposed subserviency to clerical domination. The idea which these men have sought to impress upon the public mind would seem to be, that the Catholics, though *in* the country, are not *of* it—that they are under an influence which is ever at war with our republican institutions. The falsity of this idea is sufficiently apparent to all those Protestants who have lived in communities where Catholics are numerous, but there are so many places in the country in which there are no Catholic residents, that the malignors of our people have not been as unsuccessful as they deserve to be in disseminating a feeling of distrust against all who bear the Catholic name. We deem it important to eradicate, as far as possible, this false notion from the public mind.—We would have all political questions discussed upon their simple merits, the Constitution being the sole guide for every one in determining how he shall vote.

In all political contests like that now progressing in the United States, there is no reason to suppose that Catholics, any more than members of Protestant denominations, will all think alike. They have no infallible guide in matters of mere temporal policy. They owe it to their religion, to be sure, no less than to patriotism, to vote conscientiously, and in order to do this, they are bound to inform themselves upon those points of difference which distinguish different political parties. They should not vote ignorantly, nor yet from personal preference or personal dislike. In the use they make of the elective franchise, they should be true to what they conceive to be the best interests of the whole country. * * * * *

We trust, that whatever the opposition Major Breckinridge may meet from his Catholic countrymen, they will oppose his election on other grounds than that of personal hostility to them on account of their religion. This charge does not come from Catholics, but from their enemies; and it should be treated by them with the contempt which we conscientiously believe it deserves.

DIVORCES IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—In a late debate in the House of Representatives, at Washington, on the proposition to pass a bill for granting divorces, in certain cases, in the District of Columbia, Mr. Keitt, of South Carolina, opposing the bill, said, incidently, that divorces are most demoralizing, and that the least relaxation would introduce all sorts of improprieties. South Carolina, he said, had never granted a single divorce, and he trusted she never would. Open the door, and there would be many frivolous excuses for divorces. He did not want this Government to interfere with the subject.

Mr. Burnett said he was as much opposed as the gentleman from South Carolina was to throwing open a wide door to parties dissatisfied with the marriage connection, and to enable them for slight causes to sever the tie. The causes for divorce were specifically set forth in the bill, in the preparation of which he had followed the legislation of the States where the marriage relation is the most strictly guarded.

Mr. Keitt objected to divorces for any cause.

[From the Santa Fe Gazette.

Suggestions for the People.

In consideration of the existing condition of the people of New Mexico we will make a few suggestions for their consideration, not knowing whether they will meet with approval or not. It is absolutely necessary that something should be done for protection and it is with a view to endeavor to have some practiced method adopted that we may venture a few words on the subject.

All must have been long since convinced, that it is needless to look to the army under its present command for assistance. Every appeal of the people to that functionary has been disregarded. Report of depredations, oft repeated, have not sufficed to arouse the Commandant to a sense of duty. Inaction is the governing rule of his life and it seems he will not depart from it. Nor will he countenance or advise with those of the Federal Officers who wish to intervene in behalf of the people. What they would do he seems to prevent if possible. Unfortunately in the exercise of Military authority there is enough power vested in him to enable him to thwart other officials in the performance of their duties. As an instance of this read the correspondence published in this day's paper between Governor Rencher and Capt. Shoemaker. During the last few months other cases of a similar character have occurred.

Although the Governor is ready and willing to do everything in his power for the relief of the people his authority is circumscribed by the laws which have been enacted for the regulation of his official conduct. In him the suffering people have a sympathizing friend in whom reliance can be placed. In our opinion if an opportunity is afforded him to do so, he will respond to any reasonable call that may be made upon him by the people to assist in relieving them from their embarrassment.

Our proposition then, is this: Let volunteer companies be formed in the several counties in such numbers as will amount to one thousand or twelve hundred men good and true; to be commanded by competent men and provided with subsistance for ninety days. If this is done in good faith and with a determination of carrying on a vigorous campaign against the savage enemy, we give it as our opinion that they will be furnished with all the arms and amunition necessary for the war, and that the Governor will assume the responsibility of calling them into the service. At all events the experiment is worth the trying. It can scarcely fail. If it succeed then may peace once more be hoped for. A force of this kind can vanquish the foe in the time above mentioned without any difficulty whatever.

Volunteers thus enrolled would not be entitled to any immediate compensation for their services. There is no provision made by law for this. There can be but little doubt, however, that they will eventually receive pay. The Territorial Legislature and the officers will understand the circumstances of the case so thoroughly that they will be able to make such representations to Congress as will induce the Government to make appropriations sufficient to defray all expences that may be incurred. Our own Legislature may even pay the expenses and look to Congress for reimbursement.

It is a fact little known that for the first five years of our Government, the United States Senate always sat in secret. The first time the doors were opened for public discussion, was on the contest as to the right of Albert Gallatin to a seat in the Senate. The seat was contested on the ground that Mr. Gallatin had not been, as the Constitution required, nine years a citizen of the United States.

Nearly every Democratic paper of New Hamshire is for Breckinridge and Lane. That State is the home of that noble statesman, Franklin Pierce.